



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

| | |
|---|--|
| Product identifier | Engine Degreaser - 15 oz |
| Other means of identification | |
| Product Code | No. 05025CA (Item# 1003644) |
| Recommended use | Engine degreaser |
| Recommended restrictions | None known. |
| Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information | |
| Manufactured or sold by: | |
| Company name | CRC Industries, Inc. |
| Address | 885 Louis Dr. Warminster, PA 18974 US |
| Telephone | 800-556-5074 |
| 24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC) | 800-424-9300 (US) |
| Website | crcindustries.com |

2. Hazard(s) identification

| | | |
|------------------------------|--|----------------|
| Physical hazards | Flammable aerosols | Category 1 |
| | Gases under pressure | Compressed gas |
| Health hazards | Skin corrosion/irritation | Category 2 |
| | Serious eye damage/eye irritation | Category 1 |
| | Germ cell mutagenicity | Category 2 |
| | Carcinogenicity | Category 2 |
| | Aspiration hazard | Category 1 |
| Environmental hazards | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard | Category 2 |
| | Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard | Category 2 |
| OSHA defined hazards | Not classified. | |
| Label elements | | |



| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Signal word | Danger |
| Hazard statement | Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing genetic defects. Suspected of causing cancer. |
| Precautionary statement | |
| Prevention | Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not apply while equipment is energized. Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. |

| | |
|--|--|
| Response | If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. |
| Storage | Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst. |
| Disposal | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. |
| Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) | None known. |
| Supplemental information | None. |

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

| Chemical name | Common name and synonyms | CAS number | % |
|---|--------------------------|------------|---------|
| distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light | | 64742-47-8 | 75 - 85 |
| alcohols, C12-14-secondary, ethoxylated | | 84133-50-6 | 3 - 7 |
| distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle | Diesel Fuel No. 2 | 64742-80-9 | 3 - 7 |
| 2-butoxyethanol | | 111-76-2 | 1 - 5 |
| carbon dioxide | | 124-38-9 | 1 - 5 |

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

| | |
|---|---|
| Inhalation | Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist. |
| Skin contact | Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. |
| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately. |
| Ingestion | Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. |
| Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed | Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhea. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. |
| Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed | Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed. |
| General information | IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. |

5. Fire-fighting measures

| | |
|--|---|
| Suitable extinguishing media | Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO2). |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. |
| Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters | Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. |
| Fire-fighting equipment/instructions | In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. |
| Specific methods | Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. |

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. Will burn if involved in a fire.

6. Accidental release measures**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage**Precautions for safe handling**

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection**Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

| Components | Type | Value |
|--|------|------------------------------------|
| 2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) | PEL | 240 mg/m ³ 50 ppm |
| carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) | PEL | 9000 mg/m ³ 5000 ppm |
| distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle (CAS 64742-80-9) | PEL | 400 mg/m ³ 100 ppm |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--------------------------------|------|--------|------|
| 2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) | TWA | 20 ppm | |

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

| Components | Type | Value | Form |
|--|------|-----------|---------------------|
| carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) | STEL | 30000 ppm | |
| | TWA | 5000 ppm | |
| distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle (CAS 64742-80-9) | TWA | 5 mg/m3 | Inhalable fraction. |

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

| Components | Type | Value |
|--|------|-------------|
| 2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) | TWA | 24 mg/m3 |
| | | 5 ppm |
| carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9) | STEL | 54000 mg/m3 |
| | | 30000 ppm |
| | TWA | 9000 mg/m3 |
| distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle (CAS 64742-80-9) | TWA | 5000 ppm |
| | | 400 mg/m3 |
| distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) | TWA | 100 ppm |
| | | 100 mg/m3 |

Biological limit values**ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

| Components | Value | Determinant | Specimen | Sampling Time |
|--------------------------------|----------|--|---------------------|---------------|
| 2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) | 200 mg/g | Butoxyacetic acid (BAA), with hydrolysis | Creatinine in urine | * |

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines**US - California OELs: Skin designation**

2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves such as: Neoprene. Nitrile. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC).

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Respiratory protection | If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels. |
| Thermal hazards | Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary. |
| General hygiene considerations | Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. |

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

| | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Physical state | Liquid. |
| Form | Aerosol. |
| Color | Colorless. |
| Odor | Petroleum. |
| Odor threshold | Not available. |
| pH | Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | -102.6 °F (-74.8 °C) estimated |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | 335.1 °F (168.4 °C) estimated |
| Flash point | 185.0 °F (85.0 °C) Setflash |
| Evaporation rate | Slow. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | Not available. |
| Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits | |
| Explosive limit - lower (%) | 0.6 % estimated |
| Explosive limit - upper (%) | 10.6 % estimated |
| Vapor pressure | 1670 hPa estimated |
| Vapor density | >1 (air = 1) |
| Relative density | 0.83 estimated |
| Solubility(ies) | |
| Solubility (water) | Not available. |
| Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) | Not available. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | 428 °F (220 °C) estimated |
| Decomposition temperature | Not available. |
| Viscosity | Not available. |
| Other information | |
| Percent volatile | 100 % |

10. Stability and reactivity

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|---|---|
| Reactivity | The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. |
| Chemical stability | Material is stable under normal conditions. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use. |
| Conditions to avoid | Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. |
| Incompatible materials | Halogens. Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbon fumes and smoke. |

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

| | |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Inhalation | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhea. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

| Components | Species | Test Results |
|--|---------|-------------------------|
| 2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | 220 mg/kg |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | 470 mg/kg |
| distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle (CAS 64742-80-9) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | > 5 mg/kg |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg |
| distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) | | |
| Acute | | |
| Dermal | | |
| LD50 | Rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg |
| Inhalation | | |
| LC50 | Rat | > 5 mg/l, 4 hours |
| Oral | | |
| LD50 | Rat | > 5000 mg/kg, 2.5 hours |

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

| | |
|---|---|
| Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Aspiration hazard | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Chronic effects | Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May be harmful if absorbed through skin. 2-Butoxy ethanol may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if contact is repeated and prolonged. These effects have not been observed in humans. |

12. Ecological information

| | |
|--|---|
| Ecotoxicity | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Persistence and degradability | No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture. |
| Bioaccumulative potential | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow) | |
| 2-butoxyethanol | 0.83 |
| distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle | 3.3 - 6 |
| Mobility in soil | No data available. |
| Other adverse effects | No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component. |

13. Disposal considerations

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Disposal instructions | The dispensed liquid product is a RCRA hazardous waste for the characteristic of ignitability with a waste code of D001 (See 40 CFR Part 261.20 – 261.33). Full or partially-full aerosol cans can be treated as universal waste. Empty container can be recycled. Contents under pressure. Do not incinerate sealed containers. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. |
| Hazardous waste code | Possible RCRA waste code includes: D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F However, it is the generator's responsibility to determine the proper classification and disposal method at the time of disposal. |
| Contaminated packaging | Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. |

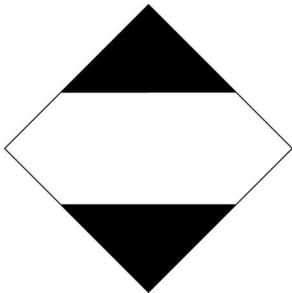
14. Transport information

DOT

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity |
| Transport hazard class(es) | |
| Class | 2.1 |
| Subsidiary risk | - |
| Label(s) | 2.1 |
| Packing group | Not applicable. |
| Environmental hazards | |
| Marine pollutant | Yes, but exempt from the regulations. |
| Special precautions for user | Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling. |
| Special provisions | N82 |
| Packaging exceptions | 306 |
| Packaging non bulk | None |
| Packaging bulk | None |
| Other information | |
| Passenger and cargo aircraft | Allowed with restrictions. |
| Cargo aircraft only | Allowed with restrictions. |

IATA

| | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| UN number | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity |

Transport hazard class(es)**Class** 2.1**Subsidiary risk** -**Packing group** Not applicable.**ERG Code** 10L**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.**Other information****Passenger and cargo aircraft** Allowed with restrictions.**Cargo aircraft only** Allowed with restrictions.**IMDG****UN number** UN1950**UN proper shipping name** AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity**Transport hazard class(es)****Class** 2.1**Subsidiary risk** -**Packing group** Not applicable.**Environmental hazards****Marine pollutant** Yes, but exempt from the regulations.**EmS** F-D, S-U**Special precautions for user** Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.**DOT; IMDG****IATA**

15. Regulatory information**US federal regulations**

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

2-butoxyethanol (CAS 111-76-2)

CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity

Not listed.

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Classified hazard categories Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
Gas under pressure
Skin corrosion or irritation
Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Germ cell mutagenicity
Carcinogenicity
Aspiration hazard

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)
Not regulated.

US state regulations

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

2-Butoxyethanol, Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether (EGBE) (CAS 111-76-2)
Distillates (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized middle; Gasoil - unspecified (CAS 64742-80-9)
Fuel Oils / Kerosene; Jet Fuels JP-5 and JP-8 (CAS 64742-47-8)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

2-BUTOXY ETHANOL (CAS 111-76-2)
CARBON DIOXIDE (CAS 124-38-9)
NAPHTHA (CAS 64742-80-9)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Butyl cellosolve (CAS 111-76-2)
Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Naphtha (CAS 64742-80-9)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Carbon Dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
Ethanol, 2-butoxy- (CAS 111-76-2)
Kerosene, petroleum (CAS 64742-47-8)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Butyl cellosolve (CAS 111-76-2)
CARBON DIOXIDE - ANY FORM (CAS 124-38-9)
KEROSENE (CAS 64742-47-8)
VM & P NAPHTHA (CAS 64742-80-9)

California Proposition 65

WARNING: Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov



California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

ethane-1,2-diol (CAS 107-21-1)

Listed: June 19, 2015

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations

EPA

VOC content (40 CFR 51.100(s)) 98.2 %

**Consumer products
(40 CFR 59, Subpt. C)** Compliant

State

Consumer products This product is regulated as an Engine Degreaser (aerosol). This product is compliant for use in all 50 states.

VOC content (CA) 9 %

VOC content (OTC) 9 %

International Inventories

| Country(s) or region | Inventory name | On inventory (yes/no)* |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| Australia | Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS) | Yes |
| Canada | Domestic Substances List (DSL) | No |
| Canada | Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) | No |
| China | Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Yes |
| Europe | European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS) | No |
| Europe | European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS) | No |
| Japan | Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS) | No |
| Korea | Existing Chemicals List (ECL) | Yes |
| New Zealand | New Zealand Inventory | Yes |
| Philippines | Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | No |
| Taiwan | Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) | Yes |
| United States & Puerto Rico | Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory | No |

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 03-20-2024

Prepared by Joshua Weir

Version # 01

Further information CRC # 1755673

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Revision information This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.