



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>White Lithium Grease</b>
<b>Other means of identification</b>	
<b>Product Code</b>	Item# 1750880
<b>Recommended use</b>	Lubricating grease
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known.
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>	
<b>Manufactured or sold by:</b>	
<b>Company name</b>	CRC Industries, Inc.
<b>Address</b>	885 Louis Dr. Warminster, PA 18974 US
<b>Telephone</b>	
<b>General Information</b>	215-674-4300
<b>Technical Assistance</b>	800-521-3168
<b>Customer Service</b>	800-272-4620
<b>24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC)</b>	800-424-9300 (US)
<b>Website</b>	www.crcindustries.com

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
<b>Health hazards</b>	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Not classified.	

### Label elements



**Signal word**

Danger

**Hazard statement**

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Precautionary statement

### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not apply while equipment is energized. Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Avoid breathing mist/vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid release to the environment.

### Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage.

### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst.

### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

### Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

### Supplemental information

None.

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## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
1,1-difluoroethane	HFC-152a	75-37-6	30 - 40
methyl acetate		79-20-9	30 - 40
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic		64742-52-5	10 - 20
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-49-0	10 - 20
2-methylpentane		107-83-5	5 - 10
n-hexane		110-54-3	1 - 3
zinc oxide		1314-13-2	< 1
titanium dioxide		13463-67-7	< 0.3
calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate)		57855-77-3	< 0.2

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

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## 4. First-aid measures

### Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

### Ingestion

Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

**General information** IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

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## 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable extinguishing media** Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

**Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters** Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

**Fire-fighting equipment/instructions** In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

**General fire hazards** Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

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## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures** Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up** Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This product is miscible in water. Prevent product from entering drains. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions** Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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## 7. Handling and storage

**Precautions for safe handling** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Level 2 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection****Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

**US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
		2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	PEL	610 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	PEL	400 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		5 mg/m3	Fume.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.

**US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		50 mppcf	Total dust.
		15 mppcf	Respirable fraction.

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	STEL	1000 ppm	
	TWA	500 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
	STEL	250 ppm	
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	TWA	200 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value	Form
titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
	TWA	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value	Form
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
		510 ppm	
	TWA	350 mg/m3	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
	STEL	760 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)	TWA	610 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
		400 mg/m3	
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	100 ppm	
		180 mg/m3	
zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)	TWA	50 ppm	
	Ceiling	15 mg/m3	Dust.
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Fume.
		5 mg/m3	Dust.

**US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides**

Components	Type	Value
1,1-difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)	TWA	2700 mg/m3
		1000 ppm

**Biological limit values****ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.5 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedione, without hydrolysis	Urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Exposure guidelines****US - California OELs: Skin designation**

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station. Eye wash fountain and emergency showers are recommended.
<b>Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment</b>	
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Wear protective gloves such as: Neoprene.
<b>Other</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
<b>General hygiene considerations</b>	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

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## 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	
<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Aerosol. Grease.
<b>Color</b>	White.
<b>Odor</b>	Solvent.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	-144.4 °F (-98 °C) estimated
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	123 °F (50.6 °C) estimated
<b>Flash point</b>	-0.00004 °F (-17.8 °C) estimated
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Fast.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	1.1 % estimated
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	16 % estimated
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	2975.2 hPa estimated
<b>Vapor density</b>	> 1 (air = 1)
<b>Relative density</b>	0.84 estimated
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Slightly soluble.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	489.2 °F (254 °C) estimated
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Percent volatile</b>	98.5 % estimated

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## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.

<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Carbon oxides.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components	Species	Test Results
calcium bis(dinonylnaphthalenesulphonate) (CAS 57855-77-3)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 20 g/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	3.7 g/kg
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	61 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 1300 mg/kg
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	15840 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 10000 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rabbit	> 6.8 mg/l, 4 hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 10000 mg/kg
zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	> 1.79 mg/l, 4 hours (no deaths occurred)
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.	
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.	
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>		
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Suspected of causing cancer.	
<b>IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity</b>		
titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)</b>		
Not regulated.		
<b>US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens</b>		
Not listed.		
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
<b>Chronic effects</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.	

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product	Species	Test Results
White Lithium Grease		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50 Daphnia	4.9855 mg/l, 48 hours estimated
Fish	LC50 Fish	4.4822 mg/l, 96 hours estimated
Components	Species	Test Results
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50 Daphnia	1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50 Fish	1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours

Components	Species	Test Results
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 5000 mg/l, 96 hours
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 295 - 348 mg/l, 96 hours
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia 1 - 10 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish 1 - 10 mg/l, 96 hours
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 2.101 - 2.981 mg/l, 96 hours
titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) > 1000 mg/l, 48 hours
<i>Acute</i>		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 1000 mg/l, 96 hours
zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 0.098 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 1.1 mg/l, 96 hours

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

1,1-difluoroethane	0.75
2-methylpentane	3.74
methyl acetate	0.18
n-hexane	3.9

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF)**

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	10 - 25000
titanium dioxide	352
zinc oxide	60690

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

**13. Disposal considerations**

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

## 14. Transport information

### DOT

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Label(s)</b>	2.1
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	N82
<b>Packaging exceptions</b>	306
<b>Packaging non bulk</b>	None
<b>Packaging bulk</b>	None

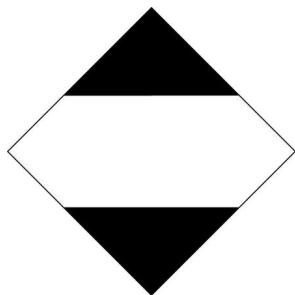
### IATA

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>ERG Code</b>	10L
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Passenger and cargo aircraft</b>	Allowed with restrictions.
<b>Cargo aircraft only</b>	Allowed with restrictions.

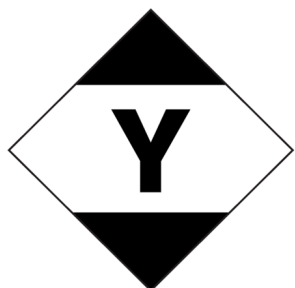
### IMDG

<b>UN number</b>	UN1950
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	2.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Yes, but exempt from the regulations.
<b>EmS</b>	Not available.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

### DOT; IMDG



### IATA



## 15. Regulatory information

### US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

#### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

#### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

#### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

#### US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

#### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

#### CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity

methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

100 LBS

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

5000 LBS

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

1,1-difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

#### Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Not regulated.

#### FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

Low priority

#### Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

Not regulated.

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

#### Classified hazard categories

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)  
Gas under pressure  
Skin corrosion or irritation  
Serious eye damage or eye irritation  
Respiratory or skin sensitization  
Carcinogenicity  
Reproductive toxicity  
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)  
Aspiration hazard  
Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

#### SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

Yes

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
n-hexane	110-54-3	1 - 3
zinc oxide	1314-13-2	< 1

### US state regulations

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

1,1-difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)

2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)

methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)  
zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

1,1-difluoroethane (CAS 75-37-6)  
2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)  
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)  
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)  
titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)  
zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

**US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law**

2-methylpentane (CAS 107-83-5)  
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)  
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)  
titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)  
zinc oxide (CAS 1314-13-2)

**US. Rhode Island RTK**

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)  
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)  
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)  
titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

**California Proposition 65**



**WARNING:** Cancer and Reproductive Harm - [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov)

**California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance**

titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

**California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin**

n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Listed: December 15, 2017

**US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))**

distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)  
naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)  
n-hexane (CAS 110-54-3)  
titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

**Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations**

**EPA**

**VOC content (40 CFR 51.100(s))** 39 %

**Consumer products (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C)** Not regulated

**State**

**Consumer products** This product is regulated as a Multi-Purpose Lubricant. This product is compliant for use in all 50 states.

**VOC content (CA)** 23.7 %

**VOC content (OTC)** 23.7 %

**International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)  
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

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## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

**Issue date** 11-12-2018

**Prepared by** Allison Yoon

**Version #** 01

**Further information** CRC # 1750881

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